

Technical Data

Mouse anti- Human

LAG-3 (blocking) (Lymphocyte Activation Gene-3, FDC Protein, CD223)

Catalog Number: MBS6006259

Lymphocyte activation gene 3 (LAG-3; CD223) plays an important role in negatively regulating T cell proliferation, function and homeostasis. It is required for maximal natural and induced regulatory T cell (Treg) function. LAG-3 is closely related to the T cell co-receptor CD4 and binds to MHC class II molecules but with a significantly higher affinity than CD4.

Applications:

Suitable for use in ELISA, Inhibition, Immunocytochemistry, Immunohistochemistry, Immunoprecipitation and Western Blot. Other applications not tested.

Recommended Dilutions:

ELISA: Capture

Immunohistochemistry: Frozen sections

Immunoprecipitation: 10ug/ml

Western Blot: 5ug/ml

Optimal dilutions to be determined by researcher.

Storage and Stability:

May be stored at 4°C for short-term only. Aliquot to avoid repeated freezing and thawing. Store at -20°C. Aliquots are stable for 12 months after receipt. For maximum recovery of product, centrifuge the original vial after thawing and prior to removing the cap.

**Type
Mab**

Isotype
IgG1

Clone
11000

Grade
Purified

Storage
-20°C

Shipping
Blue Ice

Concentration
~0.5mg/ml

Size

100ug

Immunogen:

Recombinant protein corresponding to human LAG-3.

Purity:

Purified from hybridoma tissue culture supernatant >95% (SDS-PAGE). Endotoxin: ≤ 1 EU/mg

Form:

Supplied as a liquid in PBS, 0.02% sodium azide, 10% glycerol

Specificity:

Recognizes human LAG-3. *Species Crossreactivity:* monkey

Product Reference: Cellular expression and tissue distribution of the human LAG-3-encoded protein, an MHC class II ligand: B. Huard, et al.; Immunogenetics **39**, 213 (1994) Characterization of the major histocompatibility complex class II binding site on LAG-3 protein: B. Huard, et al.; PNAS **94**, 5744 (1997) A soluble lymphocyte activation gene-3 (sLAG-3) protein as a prognostic factor in human breast cancer expressing estrogen or progesterone receptors: F. Triebel, et al.; Cancer Lett. **235**, 147 (2006) Clonal regulatory T cells specific for a red blood cell autoantigen in human autoimmune hemolytic anemia: F.J. Ward, et al.; Blood **111**, 680 (2008)