Adeno-associated Virus Mini Purification Kit, all serotypes

(Catalog # MBS846520-10, -20)

I. Introduction:

Adeno-associated viruses (AAVs), purification kit is designed for fast and efficient purification of AAV from AAV infected cell culture supernatant, plasma or serum. Viral particles can be purified from cell culture of 1 to 2 T75 flasks per column. The viruses are first applied to a purification column and then further purified and concentrated through a centrifugal filter.

II. Sample Type: For fast and efficient purification of AAV from AAV infected cell culture supernatant, plasma or serum.

III. Kit Contents:

	MBS846520-10	MBS846520-20	
	10 preparations	20 preparations	Part Number
AAV Mini Columns	5	10	MBS846520-XX-1
Press-On Caps	10	20	MBS846520-XX-2
4 mL Centrifugal Filters	10	20	MBS846520-XX-3
Nuclease (25 u/μL)	55 μL	110 µL	MBS846520-XX-4
100X Nuclease Reaction Buffer	500 μL	1000 μL	MBS846520-XX-5
Buffer B	35 mL	70 mL	MBS846520-XX-6
Buffer S	100 mL	200 mL	MBS846520-XX-7
Regeneration Buffer	25 mL	50 mL	MBS846520-XX-8

IV. User Supplied Reagents and Equipment:

- · Standard TC centrifuge
- · Swing bucket rotor
- 0.45 µm filter unit
- Rack holder for column

V. Shipment and Storage:

All the reagents are shipped at room temperature. The AAV mini columns and the 100X Nuclease Reaction Buffer are stored at $^{\circ}$ C. The Nuclease (25 u/µL) is stored at $^{\circ}$ C. All other components are stored at room temperature. The guaranteed shelf life is 12 months from the date of purchase. DO NOT FREEZE!

VI. Virus Purification and Concentration Protocol:

The AAV infected cell media and the purified virus can be potential biohazardous material and can be infectious to human and animals. All protocols MUST be performed under at least Bio-Safety level 2 (BSL2) working condition.

VII. Harvest AAV from cell culture (1-2 T75 flasks):

- a. Resuspend the pelleted cells in 4 mL of Buffer.
- b. Make sure there's no cell clumps remaining after resuspension. Add 30 μ L of 100X Nuclease reaction buffer and 5 μ L of Nuclease. Mix well by pipetting and incubate at 37°C for 30 min.
- c. Centrifuge at 600g for 15 min.
- d. Transfer the supernatant to a clean tube, and further clarify the supernatant through a 0.45 µM filter unit.

VIII. Purification column preparation:

- a. Inverting the AAV column to resuspend the resin inside the column. Put the column into a 15 mL conical tube and centrifuge at 800 rpm for 2 min. Tear off the breakoff tip on the bottom of the column and place the column into the 15 mL tube. Loosen the cap to allow buffer drain out from the column by gravity. Once the liquid stops dripping, add 4 mL of Buffer S evenly to the column and let it drain out by gravity without drying the column out. Note: A press on cap for the bottom tip of the column is provided for stopping the gravity flow at any time.
- b. Load the sample from step VII. to the reservoir of a centrifugal filter and centrifuge at 3000 rpm for 15-20 min till around 300 μL of sample remains in the reservoir. Transfer the sample to a clean vial. Wash the reservoir by 100 μL of Buffer S and transfer the sample to the clean vial.

IX. Load the sample to the purification column:

a. Apply the sample (from above) evenly to the AAV column and let it flow into the resin by gravity. Once the sample gets into the resin, proceed to next step. Note: Slowly add the sample dropwise to the resin. Once the entire sample gets into the resin, proceed to next step. Do not let the column dry out.

X. Elute AAV from the purification column:

a. Add 4 mL of Buffer S evenly to the column and collect 4 mL of the flow through. The virus is in the flow through liquid.

XI. Concentration:

a. Apply 4 mL of the sample to the reservoir of a centrifugal filter and centrifuge at 3,000 rpm for 10-30 min till -300-500 μL remains in the reservoir. Pipet the solution up and down several times in the reservoir and transfer the virus containing solution to a clean vial. Note: A swing bucket rotor is preferred. Fixed angle rotor requires higher speed of 7000 rpm for 15-

20 min. Note: Time for centrifugation may vary for different type rotors. Always centrifuge less time and check the liquid level, repeat centrifuge to get to the expected volume.

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b. The purified virus is ready for downstream applications. Aliquot and store the purified virus at -80°C.

XII. Regeneration of the column:

- a. Upon completion of the purification, add 3 mL of Regeneration Buffer to the column and let the buffer passes through the column by gravity flow. Wash the column by 6 mL of PBS, let the PBS pass through the column by gravity flow. Once the liquid stops dripping, fill the column with 2 mL of PBS. Press on the cap to the bottom. Screw on the cap and wrap the column with parafilm in a zip block bag and store at 4°C.
- b. Typical concentration volume vs. spin time (Swing bucket rotor, 3,000 rpm at RT, 4 mL starting volume) for 100K centrifugal filter device.
 - Spin time-15 min: concentrate volume 176 μL
 - II. Spin time-20 min: concentrate volume 76 μL
 - III. Spin time-25 min: concentrate volume 58 μL
- Typical concentration volume vs. spin time (35° Fixed angle rotor, 7000 rpm RT, 4 mL starting volume) for 100K centrifugal filter device
 - Spin time-10 min: concentrate volume 97 μL
 - II. Spin time-15 min: concentrate volume 54 μL
 - III. Spin time-20 min: concentrate volume 35 μL

XIII. Related Products:

Products/Catalog Number		
Adenovirus Mini Purification Kit		
Adenovirus Maxi Purification Kit		
Adeno-associated Virus Mini Purification Kit		
Adeno-associated Virus Maxi Purification Kit		
Adeno-associated Virus Mini Purification Kit, all serotypes		
Adeno-associated Virus Maxi Purification Kit, all serotypes		
Lentivirus Mini Purification Kit		
Lentivirus Maxi Purification Kit		
Retrovirus Mini Purification Kit		
Retrovirus Maxi Purification Kit		
HCV Mini Purification Kit		
HCV Maxi Purification Kit		

XIV. General Troubleshooting Guide:

Problems	Solution	
Slow flow rate caused by air bubbles in the resin bed	Cap the column bottom and add water so that the resin is covered by a height of 1-2 cm of solution.	
	Stir the resin with a clean spatula or Pasteur pipette, until all portions of the resin are loosely suspended in the solution.	
	With the bottom cap on, let the column stand for 5 min until the resin settles.	
Slow flow rate caused by invisible bubbles	With the bottom cap on, add degassed water to the resin with a height of 1-2 cm of the solution.	
	• Place the entire bottom-capped column in a 15 mL conical tube and centrifuge at 10 min at 1,000g.	
Supernatant very viscous	• Forgot to filter the supernatant through a 0.45 µM filter unit.	
Column clogged after loading sample	Resuspend and dissolve the virus pellet completely with Buffer S. Spin down briefly to remove any insoluble debris	

FOR RESEARCH USE ONLY! Not to be used on humans.